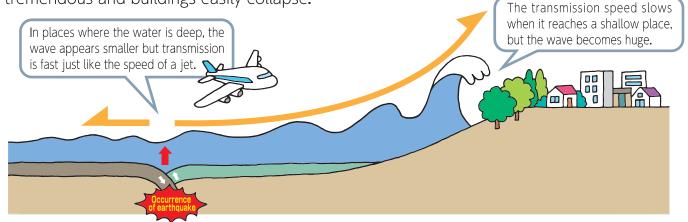
Tsunami disaster

Mechanism of occurrence of tsunami

When an earthquake occurs at the bottom of the ocean, it causes ridge and sedimentation of the seabed ground as well as landslide of the seabed ground. It causes the seawater in the surroundings to move upward and downward, and thus big waves occur repeatedly. When tsunami occurs, it comes beyond sea walls, etc. and flooding occurs, causing destruction or outflow of houses, damage or collision of boats, etc. Its destruction power is tremendous and buildings easily collapse.



Characteristics of tsunami

You do not have time to think when you are escaping from tsunami. Evacuate to a higher place nearby promptly. Tsunami does not end with the first wave, but the waves come repeatedly over a long period of time.

If tsunami advisory or alert is announced

Start executing from the probable termani flood zone.

Even if it is a mild earthquake, let's start to evacuate in preparation for the tsunami damage if you feel tremors for long time.

Knowledge about tsunami evacuation in Kan-onji City

Move as far as possible from the sea

First, move away from the probable ble tsunami flood zone or if flooding tsunami flood zone and to areas at the starts, evacuate to highest altitude possible (Mt. Kotohiki or east side).

Evacuate to a high place

If you fail to escape from the probatsunami evacuation buildings, buildings higher than the forecast flooding depth, or

3 Don't use a car.

Evacuation by car may lead to a traffic iam. It is also likely to cause a traffic accipower failure or you are in panic. Therefore, you are likely to be unable



It may become impossible to evacuate due to flooding before tsunami reaches.

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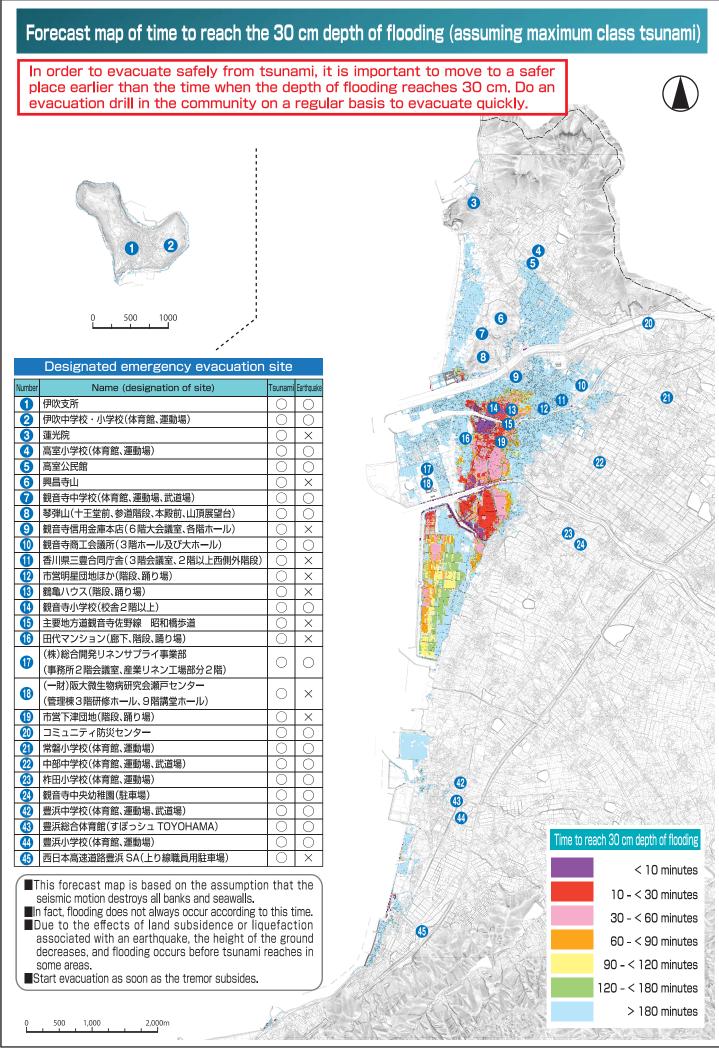
Flooding is also likely to occur at a floodwall gate due to high tide and tsunami. Please keep the floodwall gates closed at all times. Your cooperation would be appreciated.

You also need to understand that flooding may occur in Kan-onji City before tsunami reaches, according to the lessons learned from the Great East Japan Earthquake. In fact, flooding may not occur. However, the residents in these areas need to always pay attention to the damage to shore and bank. When tremors stop, immediately start evacuation.



Consider not only horizontal evacuation but also vertical evacuation.

If you are in areas where flooding may begin in a short time (see Page 22), check your nearby emergency evacuation sites (such as a tsunami evacuation building, see Page 6). If you fail to evacuate early, evacuation (vertical evacuation) to the second floor or higher floors in buildings near the evacuation route is effective.



21 22